

# State of Tennessee

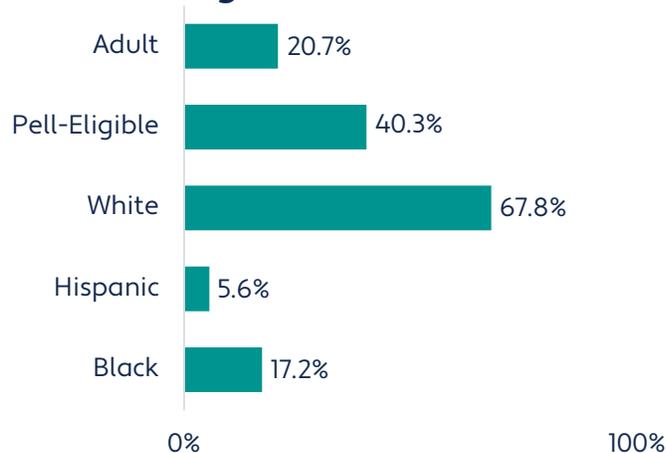
## Number Of Public Institutions: 49

TN Colleges of Applied Technology: 27

Community Colleges: 13

Four-Year Institutions: 9

## Total Undergraduate Headcount: 202,634

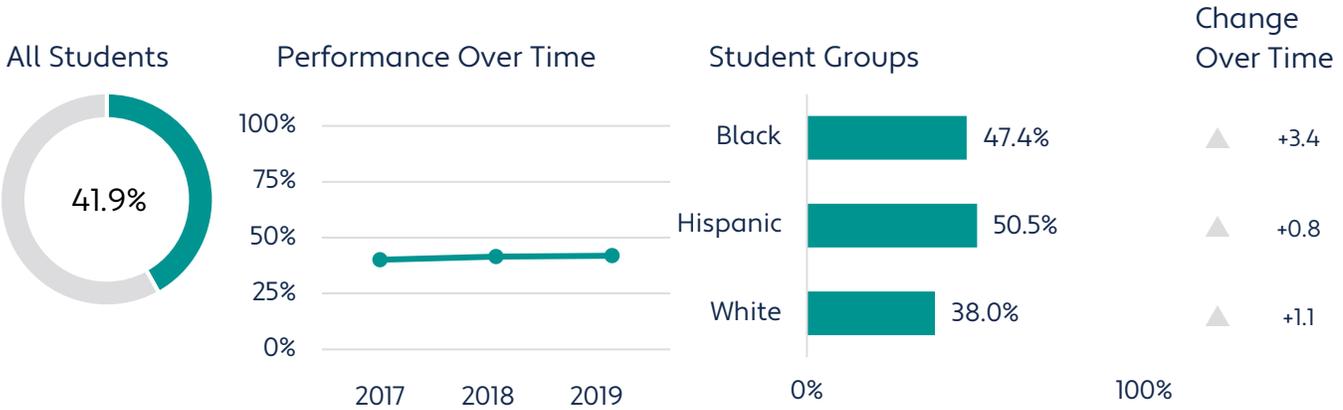


## Key Takeaways

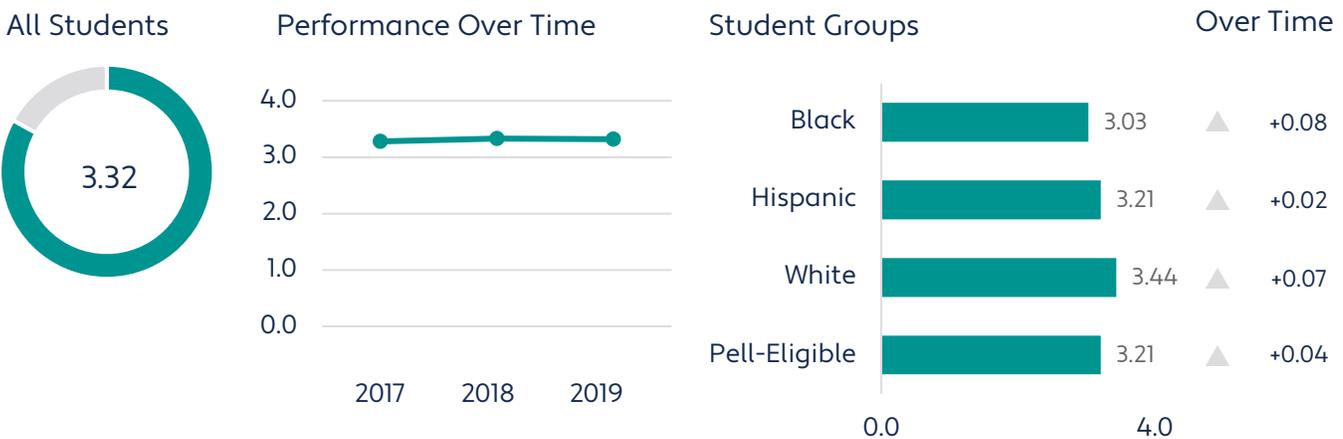
- 1 Black students are more than twice as likely as White students to be academically underprepared by the K-12 system when entering higher education.
- 2 Half of all college-intending Hispanic students melt in the summer between high school and higher education.
- 3 Black, Hispanic, and Pell-eligible students have seen tremendous positive completion growth, though the postsecondary system has not yet ensured that a majority of students in these groups earn a degree within six-years of enrollment.
- 4 Tennessee postsecondary graduates working full time three years after completion earn, on average, one and a half times more annually than high school graduates who do not enroll in higher education.

# Preparation Measures

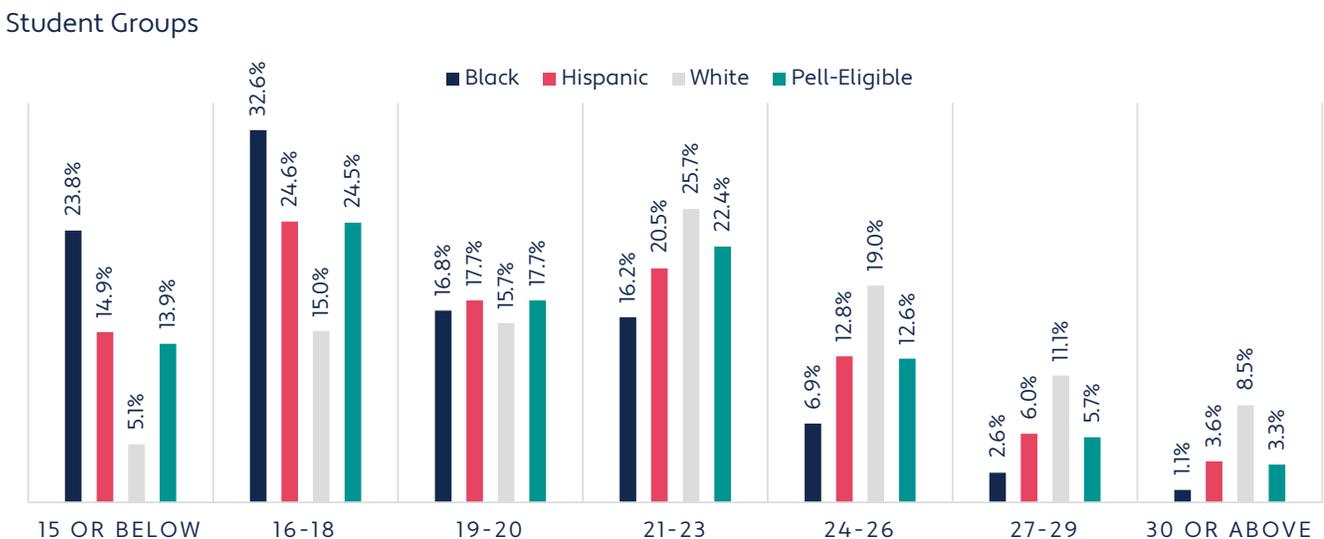
## Summer Melt Rate



## Average GPA Of Entering Students



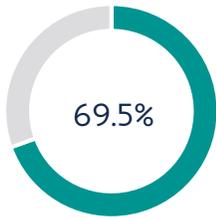
## ACT Score Distribution Of Entering Students



# Persistence Measures

## First-To-Second-Year Persistence Rate

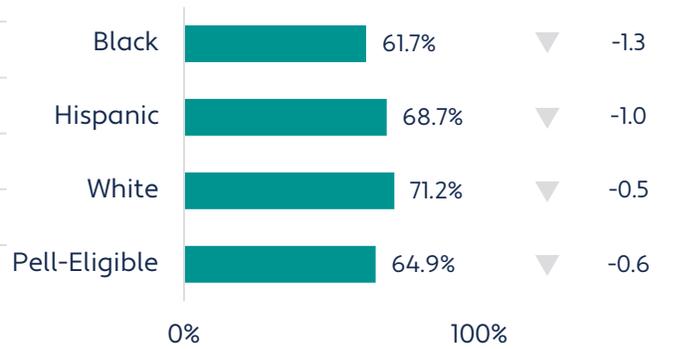
All Students



Performance Over Time



Student Groups

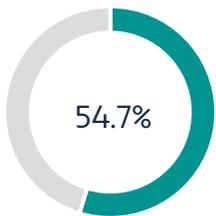


Change Over Time

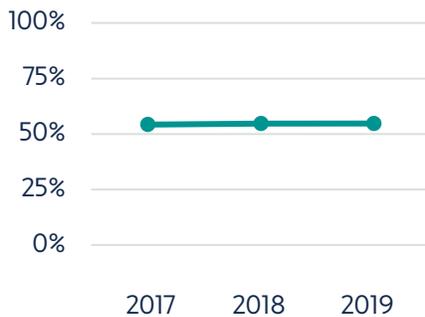
First-to-second-year persistence rates have declined over time for all students.

## Rate Of Students Earning At Least 24 Credits In Year One

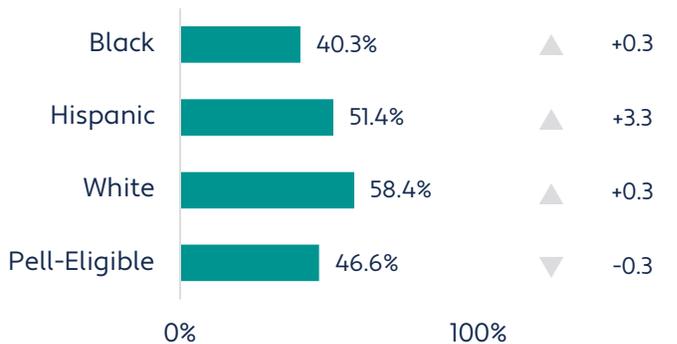
All Students



Performance Over Time



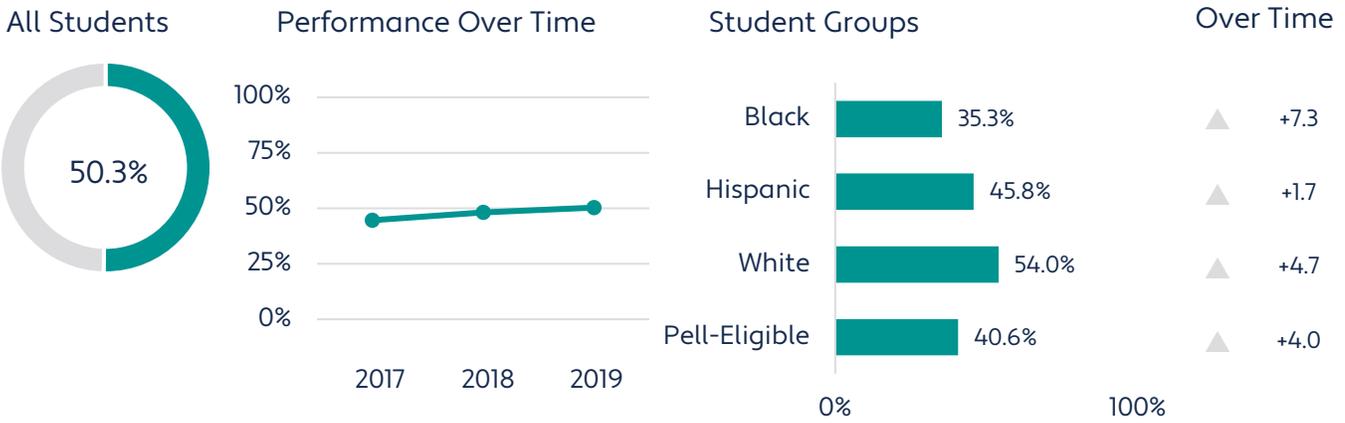
Student Groups



Change Over Time

# Success Measures

## Six-Year Completion Rate



**💡 Black, Hispanic, and Pell-eligible students have seen tremendous positive completion growth, though the postsecondary system has not yet ensured that a majority of students in these groups earn a degree within six years of enrollment.**

## Median Salary Three Years After Completion

